

Nudging of the Water Surface Temperature and Ice Cover Observations into Lake Parameterization Scheme FLake

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- → The problem
- → Formulation of nudging terms
- Changes in FLake code (towards FLake version 2.0), decision tree
- → Numerical experiments
- Conclusions and outlook



What is the Problem?

FLake variables are related through (http://lakemodel.net)

$$\theta_{av} = \theta_{ml} - C_T (1 - h / D) (\theta_{ml} - \theta_b)$$
(1)

Within FLake, $\theta_{av}(t)$, $\theta_b(t)$, h(t) and $C_T(t)$ are computed from prognostic equations, whereas the mixed-layer temperature $\theta_{ml}(t)$ is computed <u>diagnostically</u> from Eq. (1).

Given data from observations of the water surface temperature θ_s (in ice-free conditions, θ_s is assumed to be equal to θ_{ml}), how to determine the nudging terms in prognostic equations for $\theta_{av}(t)$, $\theta_b(t)$, h(t) and $C_T(t)$ in terms of θ_s ?

Formulation of Nudging Terms

From Eq. (1) we get

$$\left[1 - C_T (1 - h/D)\right] \frac{d\theta_{ml}}{dt} = \frac{d\theta_{av}}{dt} - C_T (1 - h/D) \frac{d\theta_b}{dt} + (1 - h/D) (\theta_{ml} - \theta_b) \frac{dC_T}{dt} - \frac{C_T}{D} (\theta_{ml} - \theta_b) \frac{dh}{dt}$$
(2)

It is easy to verify, that Eq. (2) (where $d\theta_{ml}/dt = d\theta_s/dt$) is satisfied if

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{d\theta_{av}}{dt} \end{pmatrix}_{ndg} = \alpha_{av} [1 - C_T (1 - h/D)] \left(\frac{d\theta_s}{dt} \right)_{ndg}, \quad \left(\frac{d\theta_b}{dt} \right)_{ndg} = -\alpha_b \frac{1 - C_T (1 - h/D)}{C_T (1 - h/D)} \left(\frac{d\theta_s}{dt} \right)_{ndg}, \\ \left(\frac{dC_T}{dt} \right)_{ndg} = \alpha_C \frac{1 - C_T (1 - h/D)}{(1 - h/D) (\theta_{ml} - \theta_b)} \left(\frac{d\theta_s}{dt} \right)_{ndg}, \quad \left(\frac{dh}{dt} \right)_{ndg} = -\alpha_h \frac{D}{C_T} \frac{1 - C_T (1 - h/D)}{\theta_{ml} - \theta_b} \left(\frac{d\theta_s}{dt} \right)_{ndg}, \\ \boldsymbol{\alpha}_{av} + \boldsymbol{\alpha}_b + \boldsymbol{\alpha}_C + \boldsymbol{\alpha}_h = 1$$
Relative weights
Relative weights
Relative weights

Formulation of Nudging Terms (cont'd)

Relative weights

$$\{\boldsymbol{\alpha}_{b}, \boldsymbol{\alpha}_{C}, \boldsymbol{\alpha}_{h}\} = \{\boldsymbol{\alpha}_{b}^{0}, \boldsymbol{\alpha}_{C}^{0}, \boldsymbol{\alpha}_{h}^{0}\}(1-h/D)^{\gamma}, \\ \boldsymbol{\alpha}_{av} = 1 - (\boldsymbol{\alpha}_{b} + \boldsymbol{\alpha}_{C} + \boldsymbol{\alpha}_{h}), \\ \boldsymbol{\alpha}_{b}^{0} + \boldsymbol{\alpha}_{C}^{0} + \boldsymbol{\alpha}_{h}^{0} \leq 1, \quad \gamma \geq 1$$

 $\alpha_{av} \rightarrow 1$ as $h \rightarrow D$. A reasonable estimate is $\gamma=1$.

An ad hoc constraint to avoid singularity

$$(\theta_{ml} - \theta_b) = \max[|\theta_{ml} - \theta_b|, \Delta \theta^*] \operatorname{sign}(\theta_{ml} - \theta_b), \quad \Delta \theta^* = 0.5 \text{ K}$$

Formulation of Nudging Terms (cont'd)

Relaxation (nudging) term for the surface temperature θ_s

$$\left(\frac{d\theta_s}{dt}\right)_{ndg} = -\tau_r^{-1} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{obs}} W_k \left(\theta_s - \theta_k^{obs}\right),$$

 τ_r is the relaxation (nudging) time scale.

Observation-dependent weights (Schraff and Hess 2003)



Changes in FLake Code

(towards FLake version 2.0)

Changes in existing FLake routines

- changes in MODULE flake (include 'flake_nudging.incf')
- new logical switch lflk_nudging in MODULE flake_configure
- changes in SUBROUTINE flake_interface (among other things, new additional optional arguments)

New routines

- new MODULE flake_param_nudging (disposable parameters of the nudging scheme)
- new MODULE mo_flake_interface (includes flake_interface.incf, simplifies handling of optional arguments)
- new SUBROUTINE flake_nudging (main routine of the nudging scheme called by flake_interface)

Changes in FLake Code (cont'd)

- If lflk_nudging=.TRUE., subroutine flake_interface should be called with three additional arguments, viz.,
- a character variable cice_obs, equal to 'ice', 'noice', or 'nodata', and
- two real variables *<W>* and *<Wθ>* defined as

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{d\theta_s}{dt} \end{pmatrix}_{ndg} = -\tau_r^{-1} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{obs}} W_k \left(\theta_s - \theta_k^{obs} \right) = -\tau_r^{-1} \left(\langle W \rangle - \langle W \theta \rangle \right)$$
$$\langle W \rangle = \sum_{k=1}^{N_{obs}} W_k, \quad \langle W \theta \rangle = \sum_{k=1}^{N_{obs}} \left(W_k \theta_k^{obs} \right)$$

Additional flake_interface arguments are optional!

Decision Tree

cice_obs =							
'ice'	'noice '	'nodata'					
There is ice in the forecast \Rightarrow do nothing	There is ice in the forecast \Rightarrow remove ice	Nudge θ_s data if available ($$ and $$ are provided)					
No ice in the forecast \Rightarrow create new ice	Nudge θ_s data ifavailable(<w>and <w<math>\theta> shouldbeprovided, a</w<math></w>	Do nothing if there are no θ_s data ($\langle W\theta \rangle$ is					
No observational data on θ_s are assimilated if ice is present	negative <i><wθ></wθ></i> indicates no data)	negative)					

Numerical Experiments

Lake Valkea-Kotinen, Finland (61 N, depth = 3 m) Lake Pääjärvi, Finland (61 N, depth = 15 m)

- Sensitivity experiments with $\gamma=0$ and one of the relative weights $(\alpha_{av}, \alpha_b, \alpha_c \text{ or } \alpha_b)$ set to 1 whereas the other weights are set to 0
- Runs with our "best choice" parameters

$$\alpha_{C}^{0} = 0.05, \quad \alpha_{b}^{0} = 0.10, \quad \alpha_{h}^{0} = 0.45, \quad \gamma = 1$$

 $\alpha_{av} = 1 - (\alpha_{C}^{0} + \alpha_{b}^{0} + \alpha_{h}^{0})(1 - h/D)^{\gamma}$

The relaxation (nudging) time scale $\tau_r = 3$ h.

Lake Valkea-Kotinen: sensitivity experiments



Mixed-layer temperature (red), mean temperature of the water column (green) and bottom temperature (blue) in Lake Valkea-Kotinen over the period from 2 May to 31 December 2006. Dotted curves show observational data. Solid curves are computed by FLake with different values of the relative weights α_{av} , α_b , α_c and α_h .



Lake Valkea-Kotinen: sensitivity experiments



Mean temperature of the water column in Lake Valkea-Kotinen over the period from 2 May to 31 December 2006. Dotted curves show observational data. Solid curves are computed by FLake with different values of the relative weights α_{w} , α_{h} , α_{c} and α_{h} .

Lake Valkea-Kotinen: nudgecast



Mixed-layer temperature (red), mean temperature of the water column (green) and bottom temperature (blue) in Lake Valkea-Kotinen over the period from 2 May to 31 December 2006. Dotted curves show observational data. Solid curves are computed by FLake with "best choice" values of the relative weights α_{av} , α_b , α_c and α_h .

Lake Valkea-Kotinen: ice thickness



Ice thickness in Lake Valkea-Kotinen in November – December 2006 as computed by FLake: red – no nudging, blue – θ_s observation are nudged with the "best choice" estimates of the relative weights but ice cover observations are not used, i.e. CiCe_obs='nodata' throughout the simulation, and green – both θ_s and ice cover observations are used, where CiCe_obs is set equal to 'ice' over the period of ice cover and to 'noice' otherwise.

Lake Valkea-Kotinen: statistics

Summary table of the Lake Valkea-Kotinen test runs (Bias/RMSE).

	θ_s (K)	θ_{av} (K)	θ_b (K)	u_* (m/s)	Q_{sen} (W/m ²)	Q_{lat} (W/m ²)
no	1.29 /	0.20 / 2.25	-0.77 /	-0.12 /	-2.94 /	-16.73 /
nudging	2.13		1.21	0 .16	12.42	32.65
$\alpha_c = 1$	1.03 /	1.82 /	-1.54 /	-0.13 /	-4.81 /	-17.55 /
	1.77	3.04	2.13	0.17	11.49	31.79
$\alpha_b = 1$	0.98 /	4.79 /	8.36 /	-0.13 /	-5.45 /	-17.63 /
	1.79	6.59	11.24	0.17	12.74	36.97
$\alpha_h = 1$	0.98 /	4.79 /	8.28 /	-0.13 /	-5.45 /	-17.70 /
	1.79	6.59	11.24	0.17	12.75	36.79
$\alpha_{av} = 1$	0.028 /	-0.81 /	-1.31 /	-0.13 /	-0.32 /	-4.13 /
	0.31	2.03	1.62	0.17	10.77	24.81
"best choice" (0.037 / 0.28	0.32 /	-0.59 / 0.91	-0.13 / 0.17	-0.41 / 10.74	-4.28 / 24.91

Lake Pääjärvi: statistics

Summary table of the Lake Pääjärvi test runs (Bias/RMSE).

	θ_s Bias	θ_s RMSE	
	(K)	(K)	
no nudging	-0.91	1.34	
$\alpha_c = 1$	-0.84	1.38	
$\alpha_b = 1$	-0.96	1.25	
$\alpha_h = 1$	-0.74	1.05	
$\alpha_{av} = 1$	0.06	0.32	
"best choice"	0.05	0.31	

Lake Pääjärvi : nudgecast



Mixed-layer temperature in Lake Pääjärvi during summer 1998 (left panel) and summer 1999 (right panel). Dotted curve shows observational data. Solid curves are computed by FLake: red – no nudging, and green – with nudging using "best choice" values of the relative weights.

Conclusions and Outlook



- A scheme to nudge the water surface temperature and ice cover (ice vs. no ice) observations into the lake model (parameterization scheme) FLake is developed
- The nudging scheme is favourably tested through single-column numerical experiments
- Comprehensive off-line testing of the FLake nudging scheme (different lakes, frequent vs. infrequent observations, width of nudging time window, relaxation time scale, etc.)
- \rightarrow Testing within an NWP model
- High-quality observational data with good spatial and temporal coverage is the key issue!







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Lake Valkea-Kotinen: nudgecast (cont'd)



Mid summer 2006 mixed-layer temperature in Lake Valkea-Kotinen. Dotted curves show observational data. Solid curves are computed by FLake with different widths of nudging time window.

Lake Valkea-Kotinen: nudgecast (cont'd)



Autumn 2006 mixed-layer temperature in Lake Valkea-Kotinen. Dotted curves show observational data. Solid curves are computed by FLake with different widths of nudging time window.





Lake Valkea-Kotinen: surface temperature



Mixed-layer temperature in Lake Valkea-Kotinen over the period from 2 May to 31 December 2006. Dotted curves show observational data. Solid curves are computed by FLake with different values of the relative weights.

Lake Valkea-Kotinen: bottom temperature



Bottom temperature in Lake Valkea-Kotinen over the period from 2 May to 31 December 2006. Dotted curves show observational data. Solid curves are computed by FLake with different values of the relative weights.